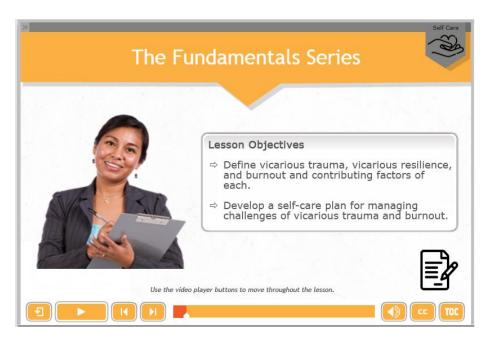


Slide 1 - Welcome

The Fundamentals of Providing Services to Survivors of Torture

Narration:

Welcome to the Fundamentals of Providing Services to Survivors of Torture. You are taking the lesson on self care. Click Begin Lesson when you are ready to begin.



Slide 2 - The Fundamentals Series

Lesson Objectives

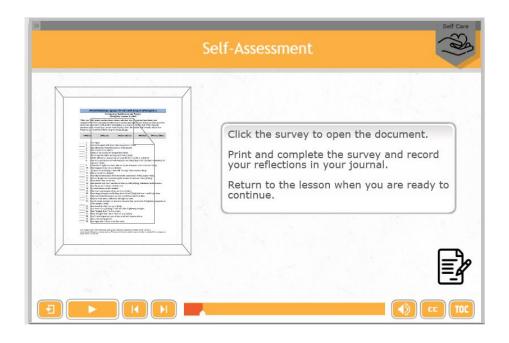
Define vicarious trauma, vicarious resilience, and burnout and contributing factors of each.

Develop a self-care plan for managing challenges of vicarious trauma and burnout.

Use the video player buttons to move throughout the lesson.

Narration:

This lesson is designed to help you understand factors and symptoms of vicarious trauma and burnout and create a self care plan for yourself. Review the lesson objectives and have a pen and paper ready for journaling and reflection exercises. When you see the clipboard icon, that's a signal to record your thoughts in your journal. Use the video player buttons to move throughout the lesson. Click the right arrow to advance to the next slide.



Slide 3 - Self-Assessment

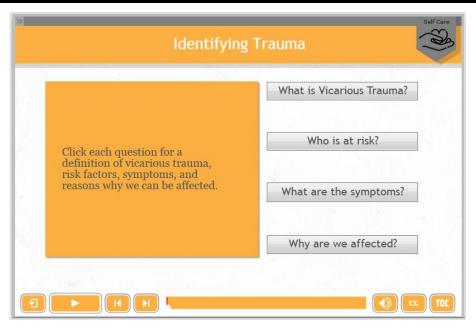
Click the survey to open the document.

Print and complete the survey and record your reflections in your journal.

Return to the lesson when you are ready to continue.

Narration:

Please take the self assessment questionnaire to help you examine your own experiences with your work. Continue with the lesson after you complete the assessment.



Slide 4 - Identifying Trauma

Click each question for a definition of vicarious trauma, risk factors, symptoms, and reasons why we can be affected.

Professionals, paraprofessionals, and family members who work with and/or assist traumatized people are at risk for vicarious trauma.

What is Vicarious Trauma?	Who is at risk?	What are the symptoms?	Why are we affected?
Vicarious Trauma, Secondary Trauma and Compassion Fatigue are used interchangeably and commonly refer to the stress resulting from helping or wanting to help a traumatized or suffering person. In this case, providing care for survivors of torture specifically.	Professionals, paraprofessionals, and family members who work with and/or assist traumatized people are at risk for vicarious trauma. They can include: psychotherapists nurses counselors mental health counselors social workers nurses volunteers	Some common symptoms include: intrusive thoughts chronic fatigue sadness or anger poor concentration second guessing detachment emotional exhaustion fearfulness or shame physical illness absenteeism	Providers working with survivors are vulnerable because of the extreme toxic nature of torture and its consequences for the victims. A main contributor to vulnerability to vicarious trauma is the empathic connection we have with other human beings; our ability to feel their pain. The very caring that motivates us also makes us vulnerable.

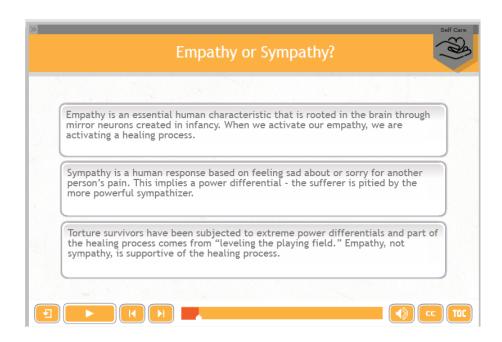
Narration:

The survey you've just taken is a starting point for understanding your individual experiences. Let's look at some concepts you should be aware of that make you vulnerable as a provider for survivors.

Providers working with survivors are vulnerable because of the extreme toxic nature of torture and its consequences for the victims.

A main contributor to vulnerability to vicarious trauma is the empathic connection we have with other human beings; our ability to feel their pain. The very caring that motivates us also makes us vulnerable.

Vicarious Trauma, Secondary Trauma and Compassion Fatigue are used interchangeably and commonly refer to the stress resulting from helping or wanting to help a traumatized or suffering person. In this case, providing care for survivors of torture specifically.



Slide 5 - Empathy or Sympathy?

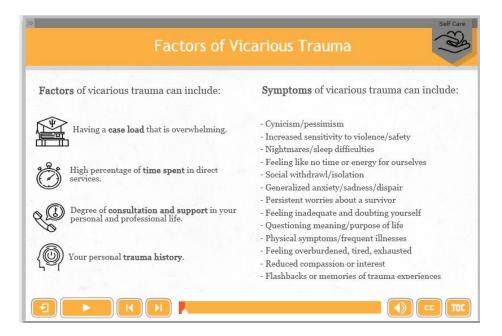
Empathy is an essential human characteristic that is rooted in the brain through mirror neurons created in infancy. When we activate our empathy, we are activating a healing process.

Sympathy is a human response based on feeling sad about or sorry for another person's pain. This implies a power differential - the sufferer is pitied by the more powerful sympathizer.

Torture survivors have been subjected to extreme power differentials and part of the healing process comes from "leveling the playing field." Empathy, not sympathy, is supportive of the healing process.

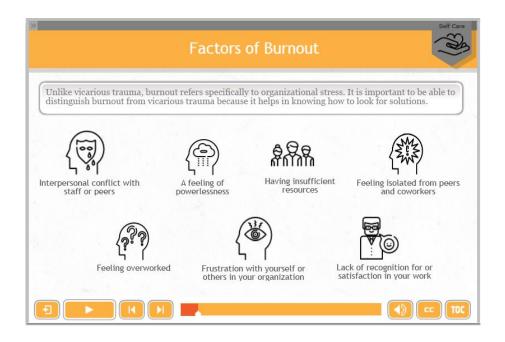
Narration:

As a provider working with torture survivors you are vulnerable because of the extreme toxic nature of torture. One of the main contributors to our vulnerability is our emphatic connection with other human beings. Empathy allows us to both understand and feel another's pain. Sympathy is also a human emotion, but it is based in feeling sorry for another person's pain. It removes ownership from the survivor and creates a power imbalance. Therefore, empathy is the powerful healing force that we can use to support survivors.



Slide 6 - Factors of Vicarious Trauma

Several factors and symptoms of vicarious trauma are listed on this slide. Think about how these factors may contribute to your own risk and if you recognize any symptoms in yourself. Creating a self-care plan will help you manage any symptoms you may be experiencing.



Slide 7 - Factors of Burnout

Unlike vicarious trauma, burnout refers specifically to organizational stress. It is important to be able to distinguish burnout from vicarious trauma because it helps in knowing how to look for solutions.

Interpersonal conflict with staff or peers

Frustration with yourself or others in your organization

Feeling isolated from peers and coworkers

Lack of recognition for or satisfaction in your work

Feeling overworked

Having insufficient resources

A feeling of powerlessness

Narration:

You just learned about some factors that contribute to vicarious trauma. Burnout differs from vicarious trauma in that it stems from organizational issues. Review the factors that contribute to burnout, then complete the exercise on the next slide.

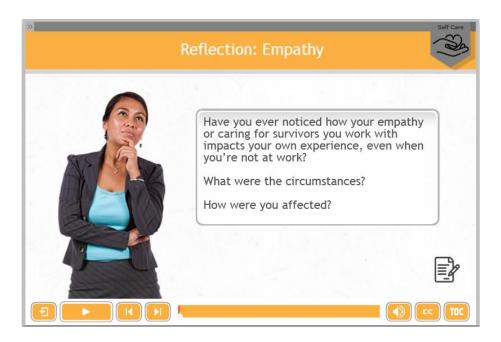


Slide 8 - Symptom Exercise

It is important to be able to distinguish burnout from vicarious trauma because it helps in knowing how to look for solutions.

Narration:

Drag and drop the icons identifying factors of vicarious trauma and burnout to their respective buckets. Continue when you have completed this practice exercise.



Slide 9 - Reflection: Empathy

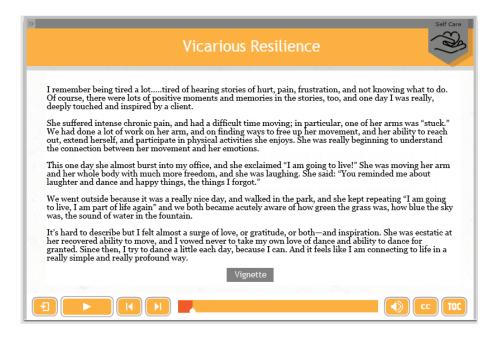
Have you ever noticed how your empathy or caring for survivors you work with impacts your own experience, even when you're not at work?

What were the circumstances?

How were you affected?

Narration:

Let's consider what you've learned so far. Read the question and record your thoughts in your journal. Continue when you are ready.



Slide 10 - Vicarious Resilience

Resilience is our ability to "bounce back" after difficult events.

It is a major force moving the healing process of torture survivors forward.

Click the button to read a short vignette about how one survivor's resilience positively impacted the life of her psychotherapist.

Narration:

Vicarious resilience or secondary healing are ways in which work with survivors can sustain and empower care providers. We can consciously apply a survivor's resilience to our own. Read about one provider's experience in this short vignette.



Slide 11 - Reflection: Vicarious Resilience

Have you had moments of inspiration and empowerment, drawn from witnessing the strength, resilience and healing of survivors of torture and trauma?

Narration:

Reflect on the question on your screen and record your thoughts in your journal. Continue with the lesson when you are ready.



Slide 12 - Self-Care Plan

Experience shows that creating and maintaining a self care plan is essential for care providers. We will look at individual level and agency level ways to do this, as well as external and internal resources. Let's start with the individual.

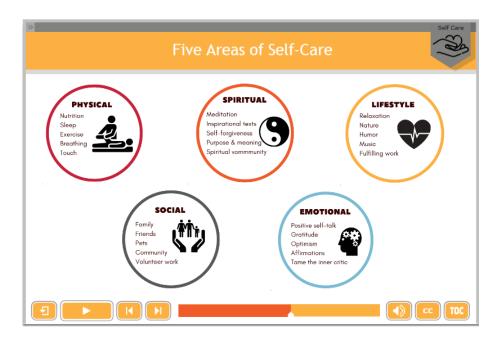
Internal resources are defined as qualities, values, attitudes, beliefs, and ideals within ourselves.

External resources are things outside of ourselves that give us strength. Think of some of your own internal and external resources and write down a few in your journal.



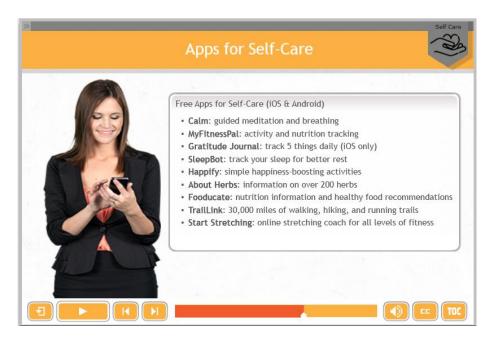
Slide 13 - Agency Support

Self care at the individual level is easier to achieve with support at the agency level. Review this list for things that agencies can do to create a culture of awareness and mutual support. If you are a leader in your organization you may be able to influence the amount of support for self-care activities.



Slide 14 - Five Areas of Self-Care

There are several ways to practice self care. Here we see five areas in which opportunities exist to practice self care. Look at the activities and write down one from each category that you want to practice or investigate further. This is not an exhaustive list; there are many ways to practice self care and including those that work for you is what is most important in your self care plan.



Slide 15 - Apps for Self-Care

Free Apps for Self-Care (iOS & Android)

Calm: guided meditation and breathing

MyFitnessPal: activity and nutrition tracking

Gratitude Journal: track 5 things daily (iOS only)

SleepBot: track your sleep for better rest

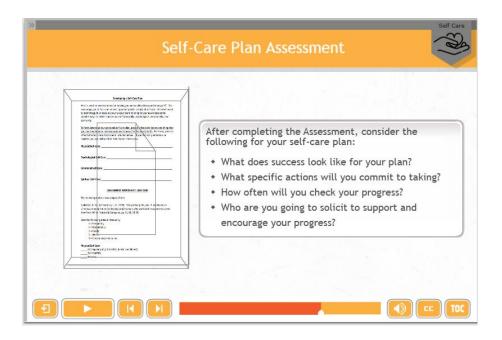
Happify: simple happiness-boosting activities About Herbs: information on over 200 herbs

Fooducate: nutrition information and healthy food recommendations

TrailLink: 30,000 miles of walking, hiking, and running trails Start Stretching: online stretching coach for all levels of fitness

Narration:

This short list of free apps may help you start or maintain your self care routine. Keeping yourself healthy enhances your ability to be of greatest assistance to the survivors that you work with.



Slide 16 - Self-Care Plan Assessment

After completing the Assessment, consider the following for your self-care plan:

What does success look like for your plan?

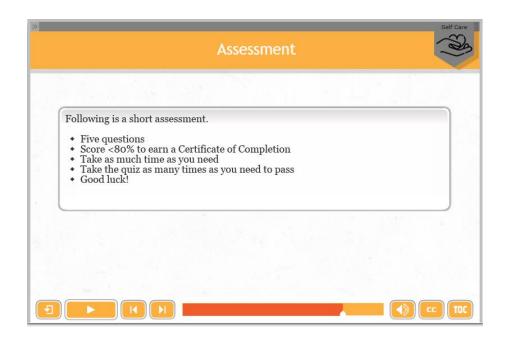
What specific actions will you commit to taking?

How often will you check your progress?

Who are you going to solicit to support and encourage your progress?

Narration:

The choice of self care tools and resources you use is individual. The Self Care Plan Assessment will help you create a personalized plan for yourself. Click on the plan to review the assessment. Return to the lesson when you are ready.



Slide 17 - Assessment

Following is a short assessment.

Five questions

Score <80% to earn a Certificate of Completion

Take as much time as you need

Take the quiz as many times as you need to pass

Good luck!

Narration:

This concludes the self care lesson. Please continue to the next slide to complete a short post-lesson assessment. Thank you.



Slide 24 - Congratulations!

Congratulations, you have passed the Assessment and completed the eLearning Fundamentals of Providing Services for Torture Survivors: Self Care.

Your Certificate of Completion will be emailed to you by NCB staff within seven business days.